Temple Learning Academy – English Genre Map

Curriculum Leader	Programme Leader	Line Manager
Hannah Storey	Uma Kotwal	Amy Thompson/Alex Clark



	Primary English Overview						
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Year	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	
1	Amazing Me	The Great Fire of	Paddington in Peru	Paddington in Peru	Victorians	Victorians	
		London					
	<u>Genre</u>		<u>Genre</u>	<u>Genre</u>	<u>Genre</u>	<u>Genre</u>	
	Captions (Elmer	<u>Genre</u>	Letters (to Aunt Lucy	Instructions (sandwiches)	Story (based on Peter	Recount (seaside	
	illustrations)	Descriptive writing	from Paddington)	Fact-file (Peru)	Rabbit)	trip)	
	Poetry (about	(Guy Fawkes)	Postcards (from		Rhyme/Rhyming poetry	Diary (from	
	elephants – learn	Diary Entry (GFOL	Peru)	<u>SPAG</u>	(toys)	perspective of	
	and recite aloud)	from perspective of		Capital letters		Victorian child)	
		Samuel Pepys)	<u>SPAG</u>	Full stops	<u>SPAG</u>		
	<u>SPAG</u>		Capital Letter I	Finger Spaces	Capital letters	<u>SPAG</u>	
	Capital Letter I	<u>SPAG</u>	Capital letters	Formation	Full stops	Capital letters	
	Capital letters	Capital Letter I	Full stops	Common Exception words	Finger Spaces	Full stops	
	Full stops	Capital letters	Finger Spaces	Imperative verbs	Common Exception words	Finger Spaces	
	Finger Spaces	Full stops	Formation		Exclamation marks	Common	
	Formation	Finger Spaces	Common Exception		Adjectives	Exception words	
	Common Exception	Formation	words		Conjunctions	Question marks	
	words	Common Exception	Question marks		Present tense – ing suffix	Exclamation marks	
	Capital letters for	words	Capital letters for		Sequencing sentences to	Conjunctions	
	names	Past tense- suffix	names		form short narratives	Past tense	
		Capital letters for			Capital letters for names	Prefix – Un	
		names				Suffix – s/es	
						Capital letters for	
						names	
Year	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Topic</u>	
2	To Infinity and	Yay for Yorkshire	Around the World in	Around the World in 80	Trouble on the Titanic	Captivating Castles	
	Beyond (space)		80 Days (Antarctica)	Days (Kenya)			

fi No S su	Genre Narrative (space setting) structions (how to fly a rocket) SPAG Sentence demarcation (capital letters, inger spaces and full stops) & statements Questions ouns, adjectives & expanded noun phrases Conjunctions Root words Prefix unsingular & plural: uffixes —s and —es Verbs Commands Past and present ense: suffixes —ed and —ing	Genre Poetry – acrostic (Bonfire) Diary (The Snowman) SPAG Verbs Commands Commas in lists Adverbs: suffix -ly Fronted adverbials Capital letters for proper nouns & pronoun 'l' -er and -est Exclamations Daily spelling starter: Year 2 spelling rules	Genre Fact-files (about Antarctica) SPAG Suffixes -ment, - ness, -ful, -less and - tion Homophones Capital letters for proper nouns & pronoun 'l' Headings/sub- headings Paragraphs Revision Daily spelling starter: Year 2 spelling rules	Genre Recount (Tropical World trip) Letter (to Tropical World staff) SPAG Possession Contraction Compound words Revision Daily spelling starter: KS1 spelling rules	Genre Diary (from the Titanic) Rhyming poetry (the ocean) SPAG First person Features of non-fiction texts Speech Revision Daily spelling starter: KS1 spelling rules	Genre Narrative (castle setting) Fact-file (castles) SPAG Colons Stage directions (including revision of adverbs) Revision Daily spelling starter: KS1 spelling rules
Year 3	Daily spelling starter: Year 1 spelling rules Topic China	<u>Topic</u> Festivals	Topic Stone Age to Iron Age	<u>Topic</u> Stone Age to Iron Age	<u>Topic</u> Mayans	<u>Topic</u> Rainforests

	Genre Setting descriptions (China) Narrative (Magic Paintbrush) SPAG Commas Capital letters Full stops Exclamation marks Speech marks Adjectives	Genre Poems (haiku) Setting descriptions (winter) SPAG Speech marks Apostrophes Headings and subheadings	Genre Letter (between Barney and Stig of the Dump) Non – chronological reports (Stone Age) Newspapers (Stone Age) SPAG Paragraphs Headings and sub-	Genre Biographies (Mary MacKillop) Diaries (from perspective of Stig of the Dump) SPAG Paragraphs Headings and sub-headings	Genre Play-writing (based on Charlie and the Chocolate Factory) Recount – visit/workshop Advert (chocolate bar) SPAG Dialogue Stage directions Commas Conjunctions	Genre Assessment – Biographies Persuasive leaflet (rainforest) Narrative – story writing (based on The Great Kapok Tree) SPAG Speech
Year 4	Topic The UK and Italy Genre Narrative (adventure story set in Italy) Diary (set in Venice) SPAG Fronted adverbials Capital letters Full stops Exclamation marks Question marks Co-ordinating conjunctions Tenses Conjunctions	Topic The Romans Genre Poetry (refrain, figurative description of self) Letter from Rome (chariot race) SPAG Onomatopoeia Expanded noun phrases Commas in lists Antonyms	headings Topic Volcanoes Genre Narrative retelling (When the Giant Stirred legend) Fact-file poster (Mount St Helens) SPAG Alliteration Pronouns Fronted adverbials Similes Personification Time adverbials	Topic Recycling and Sustainability Genre Newspaper article (Creakers invasion) SPAG Emotive language Alliteration Similes Speech marks	Topic Africa Genre Biography (Nelson Mandela) Persuasive writing/debate (Inequality) SPAG Revision	Topic Egypt Genre Instructions (Mummification) Adventure narrative (Howard Carter) SPAG Revision
Year 5	Topic Vikings <u>Genre</u>	<u>Topic</u> Vikings <u>Genre</u>	<u>Topic</u> Greeks <u>Genre</u>	Topic American Road Trip <u>Genre</u>	Topic Staycation or Vacation Genre	Topic Staycation or Vacation

Year	Newspaper article (Viking discovered in hotel) SPAG Recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms. Using expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely.	Letter (to care home) Poetry (This is Me acrostic) SPAG Compound sentences and co-ordinating conjunctions, main/independent clauses. Using dictionaries	Narrative (Retell the story of Theseus and the Minotaur) SPAG Teach Complex sentences and subordinating conjunctions. Prepositional phrases. Using a thesaurus. Using modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility. Using relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that or with an implied (ie omitted). Topic	Campaign: Persuasive poster and speech (Free Stanley Yelnats) SPAG Relative pronouns. Suffixes - Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [for example, —ate; —ise; —ify]. Verb prefixes [for example, dis—, de—, mis—, over— and re—].	Non-chronological report (Leeds and Whitby - comparing tourist attractions) SPAG Using commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing. Using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph [for example, then, after that, this, firstly]. Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time [for example, later], place [for example, nearby] and number [for example, secondly] or tense choices [for example, he had seen her before].	Genre Non-chronological report (Leeds and Whitby - comparing tourist attractions) SPAG Punctuating bullet points consistently. Recap and address misconceptions.
Year 6	Leeds: Then and	Leeds: Then and Now	WWII	<u>I opic</u> WWII	<u>I opic</u> Theory of Evolution	<u>I opic</u> Windrush
	Now				·	
	Garra	<u>Genre</u>	<u>Genre</u>	Genre	<u>Genre</u>	<u>Genre</u>
	<u>Genre</u>			Poetry (war)		

Descriptive setting	Biography (significant	Newspaper article	Report writing (Galapagos	Poetry (Benjamin
(battlefield)		(Rip the dog)	Island Creature)	Zephaniah)
Character	Leeds figure)	(Kip the dog)	,	•
3.10.10.00			Argument (Evolution	Speech (human
description (soldier)	<u>SPAG</u>	Language Features	theory)	rights)
Dialogical narrative	Fronted	Metaphors/Similes	Formal letter (to Charles	Newspaper article
(between two	adverbials/variety of		Darwin)	(Windrush)
soldiers)	openers	<u>SPAG</u>		
,	Modal verbs	Subordinating/co-	Language Features	Language Features
Language Features	Adverbs of possibility	ordinating	Persuasive writing AFOREST	Emotive language
Alliteration		conjunctions		Metaphors/Similes
Personification		Formal/Informal	<u>SPAG</u>	Persuasive writing
Onomatopoeia		language	Colons and Semi Colons	AFOREST
Onomatopoeia		Direct/Reported	Bullet points	
CDAC		speech	Apostrophes for possession	SPAG
SPAG Dialogue		Time conjunctions	Formal/Informal language	Noun phrases
Dialogue		Pronouns	(recap)	Formal/Informal
Expanded noun		Perfect form of verb	Standard/Non-standard	Language
phrases			English	Direct/Reported
Semi-Colons			Present perfect tense	speech
Synonyms and			Active/Passive voice	эресси
antonyms			Subjunctive forms	
Tense			Hyphens, brackets and	
First, second, third				
person recap			commas for parenthesis	